

Levetiracetam

FORMS AND PRESENTATION
Levipram® IV: 500mg/100ml; solution for infusion; 1 pouch of 100 ml.
Levipram® IV; 1000mg/100ml; solution for infusion; 1 pouch of 100 ml.
Levipram® IV; 1500mg/100ml; solution for infusion; 1 pouch of 100 ml.

Leviparar VI; 150mg/10mic 150mic 150m

PHARMACOLOGICAL PROPERTIES

harmscokenspeale george anteplaquies, other anteplaquies, ATC code: NNAX14.

The active substance, leveluractum, is a profulode neiroristic Chemitomior of a-chtyl-2ioo-1-pyrrolidine acetualde), chemically smeltanel to existing anticipating active substances.

The mechanism of action of leveluractum all tremains to be fully hechicidused. In vitor and air vivo experiments suggest that leveluractum does not alter basic cell characteristics and mermal to a vitor and in vivo toutless show that eveluractum does not alter basic cell characteristics and mermal to vitor studies show that eveluractum discords the control of the vitor studies show that eveluractum discords the control of the vitor studies show that eveluractum discords in the control of the vitor studies show that eveluractum and eveluractum discords the process of the vitor studies show and pyrenderion shows the price and de-arrollous. Furthermore, leveriments and eveluractum and evaluation and the arrollous process of the vitor studies show that the studies of the process of the vitor studies of the studies of the vitor studies o

Biotransformation Leverinections is not extensively metabolized in humans. The major metabolic pathway (24 % of the dose) is an enzymatic hydrolysis of the acetamide group. Production of the primary metabolic, uch L057, is not supported by hive cyclochrom P503 isoforms. Psycholysis of the acetamide group was measurable in a large approach by the cyclochrom P503 isoforms. Psycholysis of the primary measurable in large Two minor metabolites were also identified. One was obtained by hydroxylation of the pyrrolifore ring (1.6 % of the dose) and he other one by opening of the pyrrolifore ring (0.9 % of the dose). Other unidentified components accounted only for 10 % of the dose.

In vitro, levelizacetan and its primary metabolite have been shown not to inhibit the major human liver cytochrome PASO isoforms (CYPAA, 2A6, 2C), 2C) p. 266, 2EI and IA3; plearmoyl transfernse (UGTIAI) and UGTIAI) and goods befundys to extrince. In addition, berefrince time does not affect the in vitro and UGTIAI and confidence of the confidence of

Levelinceatin cuttes that a summarized and the summ

Elderly in the half-life is increased by about 40% (10 to 11 hours). This is related to the decrease in renal function in this population.

function in this population.

Read Immairment.

The apparent body clearance of both leverinacetam and of its primary metabolite is correlated to the creatinine clearance. It is therefore recommended to adjust the maintenance daily done of Leverinacetam, based on Innamire end-stage renal efficience adult subjects the half-life was approximately 25 and 3.1 hours during interchalgive and intradajvice periods, respectively.

The fractional removal of leverinacetam was 51 % during a typical 4-hour dialysis session.

menually class inflamination periods, regouvers, in Heguis: immigration and periods and the period of the period

levetimentum was 6.0 hours. The appoient body weight adjusted clearance was approximately 30 % higher in regulepic addition in regulepic addition. On 10 of mg/kg/kg/kg/ to pelippic clatted not 6 10.2 years, levetimentum was rapidly absorbed. Peak plasma concentration was observed 0.5 to 1.0 hour after dosing, laceration development of the period of t

The apparent floory cureamics was a run or more period of the control of the cont

CONTRAINDICATIONS **Unpresensitivity to the active substance or other pyrrolidone derivatives or to any of the listed excipients.

PRECAUTIONS
Rend impairment
When it is a proposed to develop the property of t

suicide attempt, suicidal ideation and behavior have been reported in patients treated with anti-epilep-s (including levetiracetam). A meta-analysis of randomized placebo-controlled trials of anti-epileptic al products has shown a small increased risk of suicidal thoughts and behavior. The mechanism of this

Suicide, suicide illenings, soming depending for extraction. A meta-analysis or installed thoughts and behavior, inmidicial products has shown a small interessed risk of suicidal thoughts and behaviors and
proportion of the state of th

rate Group (Creatinine clearance: 30-49 ml/min/1.73 m³); and frequency in Children from 4 years and adolescents weighing less than 50 kg g/ml: 5 to 15 mg/kg (1 to 3 ml/kg) twice daily Does and frequency in Children from a years ann aumentum and the special of the s

• 15 mg/ml: 5 to 10 mg/g (0.31 to 0.64 mkg) wive duily

Flactage rend disease patients undergoint diskyte

End-stage rend disease patients undergoint diskyte

Flactage rend display one diskyte

Flactage rend display diskyte

Flactage rend display

Flatage rend displ

Weight

Predictive possible on the daily maintenance does is recommended when the creationse clearance is < 00 in it min 1.75 Pediatric population. The physician should prescribe the most appropriate pharmaceutical form, presentation and strength according to age, weight and done.

The safety and efficacy of levetimentation in children below and adolescents 16 years an monotherapy treatment have not been established.

Add-on therapy for children aged 4 to 11 years and adolescents (12 to 17 years) weighing less than 50 kg. The initial therapeutic does is 10 mg/kg twice daily.

Depending upon the clinical response and tolerability, the dose can be increased up to 30 mg/kg twice daily.

Depending upon the clinical response controlled to the controlled

Starting dose: Maximum dose: 30 mg/kg twice daily

150 mg twice daily 450 mg twice daily

25 kg 2500 mg twice daily 2500 mg twice daily (100 mg twice daily

Method of administration
Levetinectum therapy can be initiated with either intravenous or oral administration.
Levetinectum therapy can be initiated with either intravenous a road administration can be done directly without titration.
Conversain to the rise and in the contraction of the contractio

Pregnancy
Post-matching data from several prospective pregnancy registries have documented outcomes in over 1000 women exposed to levetimeneum monderupsy during the first trinsater of pregnancy. Overall, these data do cannot be completely excluded. Therapy with multiple antipellaptic medicinal products is associated with a higher risk of congenital multifermations than monotherapy and therefore monotherapy and board be considered. Studies in animals have shown reproductive toxicity. Levelinectum is not recommended during pregnancy, and in women of childhering potential and using Levelinectum is not recommended during pregnancy and in women of childhering potential and using Levelinectum is not recommended during pregnancy. This decrease is more promounced during the find trinsater up to 60% of baseline concentration before pregnancy. Appropriate clinical management of pregnant women treated with levelinectum should be resusted. Discontinuation of antipelaptic extreamments may result in exacerbation of the discusses which could be harmful to the modern and the forests.

Levelinectum is excreted in human breast milk. Therefore.

Braststedium: Levetimestum is excreted in human breast milk. Therefore, breast-feeding is not recommended. However, if levetimestum treatment is needed during breast feeding, the benefitirisk of the treatment should be weighed considering the importance of breast feeding. The benefitirisk of the treatment should be weighed considering the importance of breast feeding. Not impact on fertility was detected in animal studies. No clinical data are available, potential risk for human is unknown.

DRUG INTERACTIONS

DIRCO STERACTIONS

Automization and product and configuration of the configuration of existing underpleptic medicinal products (phenyion), carbanazopiae, valgiviae soid, phenotherbital, lamoritips, galappent in an elimination and that these antiepipties medicinal products due to influence the pharmacokinetics of twentractum.

In elimination of the configuration of

No talk of the entrescents
ADVERSE EFFECT
The frequency of the adverse reactions reported is defined as follows: very common (≈ 1/10); common (≈ 1/100 to 1/110); memonima (≈ 1/100 to 1/100); memonima (≈ 1/100);

Hypostatemic tarter.

Psychiatric discrete: Depression, hostility aggression, anxiety, insomnia, nervouseness/nritability (common). Staticka stamput, saicidal idention, psychotic disorder, abnormal behavior, Italicination, anger, confusional state, panic attake, fariethability/nome swins, agitation (uncommon). Compeleta suicide, pseconditive, and anticompeleta suicide, pseconditive, and the proposed suicide, presenting and common co

d labryinth disorders; Vertigo (common). atory, thoracic and mediastinal disorders; Cough (common). intestinal disorders; Abdominal pain, diarrhea, dyspepsia, vomiting, nausea (common); Pancreatitis

(rare). [Heapthing disorders: Liver function test abnormal (uncommon): Hepatic failure, hepatitis (rare). Shin and advantaneous tissue disorders. Reals (common): Alopseia, ecrems, prurlus, (uncommon): Toxic epidermal neceptives. Severes Johaneo syndrome, etyphene maillibrates (rare). Septemal disorders and severes Johaneo syndrome, etyphene maillibrates (rare). General disorders and administration; Aflenial Tatigue (common). Johaneo Severes Severes (common). Johaneo Seve

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION

DOSAGE AND ADMINISTRATION
Panalogy
Menotherupy for adults and adolescents from 16 years of age.
The recommended starting done is 250 mg twice daily which should be increased to an initial therapeatic done.
The recommended starting done is 250 mg twice daily which should be increased by 250 mg mixed daily every two weeks depending upon the clinical response. The maximum done is 1500 mg wive daily, were yet was dead on the rempt of antities 128 years on an adolescent til 210 years in weights 200 kg or more:
The initial therapeatic done is 800 mg twice daily. This done can be started on the first day of treatment of the started on the first day of treatment which is the started on the first day of treatment daily. Done changes can be made in 500 mg twice daily increases or decreases every two to four weeks.
Datation of treatment
Discontinuities

Discontinuities

The start of the

Adjustment to us.

The daily dose must be individualized according to renal function.

The daily dose must be individualized according to renal function.

The daily dose must be individualized according to renal function.

For adult patients, refer to the following table and adjust the dose as indicated. The CLer in mil min maybe the following formation (negarity destinations, for adults and adolescents weighting 55 bg or more, CLer(minim): [140 age;vers1) weight (tg)

CLer(minim): [140 age;vers1) weight (tg)

Fig. (150 age;vers1) weight (tg)

Fig. (150 age;vers1) weight (tg)

CLer(minim): [150 age;vers1) weigh

Dosing adjustment for adult and adolescents patients weighing more than 50 kg with impaired renal function		
Group	Creatinine clearance (ml/min/1.73 m²)	Dose and frequency
Normal	> 80	500 to 1,500 mg twice daily
Mild	50-79	500 to 1,000 mg twice daily
Moderate	30-49	250 to 750 mg twice daily
Severe	< 30	250 to 500 mg twice daily
End-stage renal disease patients undergoing dialysis ¹		500 to 1,000 mg once daily ²

A 750 mg loading dose is recommended on the first day of treatment with levetiracetam
 Following dialysis, a 250 to 500 mg supplemental dose is recommended.

For children with renal impairment, levetiracetam dose needs to be adjusted based on the renal function as levetiracetam clearance is related to renal function. This recommendation is based on a study in adult renally impaired patients.

impaired patients.

Let in ml/ min/1.73 m² may be estimated from sensm creatinine (mg/dl) determination using, for young abble-secants and children using the following formula (Schwartz formula):

 $\frac{\text{CLcr}(\text{ml/min/1.73m}^2) = \frac{\text{Height (cm) x ks}}{\text{Serum creatinine (mg/dl)}}$

s=0.55 in children to less than 13 years and in adolescent female; ks=0.7 in adolescent male. ssing adjustment for children and adolescents patients weighing less than 50 kg with impaired renal

Dasing adjustment for children and antotecrous promo-function:

Normal Group. Creatinine clearance: > 80 mlmin(1.73 m)²):

Normal Group. Creatinine clearance: > 80 mlmin(1.73 m)²):

Sampail: 100 × 30 mg/kg (2.00 o fank); vivice daily

**O mgmil: 100 × 30 mg/kg (2.00 o fank); vivice daily

**O mgmil: 100 × 30 mg/kg (3.00 o fank); vivice daily

**O mgmil: 100 × 30 mg/kg (3.00 o fank); vivice daily

**Mat Group. Creatinine Clearance: 30 - 79 ml/min(1.73 m)²;

**Mat Group. Creatinine Clearance: 30 - 79 ml/min(1.73 m)²;

SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS FOR DISPOSAL AND OTHER HANDLING

DOVERDOSAGE
Samptom
Sample of the Control of the Co

STORAGE CONDITIONS Store below 25°C. Keep in original pack in intact co

Manufactured by InfoRLife SA, Switzerl for Benta S.A.L, Lebanon

This is a medicament is a product which affects your health, and its consumption contrary to instructions is dangerous for you.

- Follow strictly the doctor's prescription, the method of use, and the instructions of the pharmacist who sold the medicament.

- The doctor and the pharmacist are experts in medicine, its benefits and risks.

 Interest of the present of the and risks.
 Do not by yourself interrupt the period of treatment prescribed for you.
 Do not repeat the same prescription without consulting your doctor.
 Medicament: keep out of reach of children.
 Council of Arab Health Missister. Council of Arab Health Ministers Union of Arab Pharmacists

Benta S.A.L..